			Semester I					
SI. No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Courses	Teaching Hours per Week	SEE	IA	Total Marks	Credi ts
1		Animal Diversity-I (Non- Chordata)	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
2		Animal Diversity-I (Non- Chordata)	Practical	4	40	10	50	2
			Semester II					
3		Animal Diversity- II (Chordata)	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
4		Animal Diversity- II (Chordata)	Practical	4	40	10	50	2
		·	Semester III					
5		Physiology, Biochemistry and Immunology	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
6		Physiology, Biochemistry and Immunology	Practical	4	40	10	50	2
7		Parasitological and Vector Biology	Elective/ Optional	2	40	10	50	2
	1		Semester IV					I
8		Histology, Animal Behavior, Applied Zoology	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
9		Histology, Animal Behavior, Applied Zoology	Practical	4	40	10	50	2
10		Aquarium Fish Keeping	Elective/ Optional	2	40	10	50	2
			Semester V			•		
11		Cell Biology and Biotechnology	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
12		Genetics, Biostatistics, Evolution and Paleontology	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
13		Cell Biology, Biotechnology, Genetics,	Practical	4	40	10	50	2

# COURSE PATTERN AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION OF B.Sc. ZOOLOGY

	Biostati	stics,						
	Evolutio	n and						
	Paleont	ology						
		Sem	ester VI					
	Reprod	uctive Biology						
14	and Dev	elopmental T	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
	Biology							
	Environ	mental						
15	Biology	Toxicology 1	Theory	4	80	20	100	3
	and Wil	dlife Biology						
	Reprod	uctive						
	Biology,							
	Develop							
16	Biology	P	Practical	4	40	10	50	2
	Environ	mental						
	Biology	Toxicology						
	and Wil	dlife Biology						
	Project	work / Field	Skill					
17	training	lenn	ancemen	3-4	40	10	50	2
	uanng	t pr	ogramme					

# MANGALORE UNIVERSITY **STATE EDUCATION POLICY (SEP-2024) B.Sc. DEGREE - ZOOLOGY**

Program Name	.me <b>B.Sc.</b>		SEMESTER	Ι	
Course Title	ANIMAL I	DIVERSIT	Y-I (NON-CHORDATA) (THE	EORY)	
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3	
Contact hours	40 Hrs (4 ho	urs/week)	Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs.	
Formative assessment marks		20	Summative assessment marks	80	

### Unit - I: Introduction, Biodiversity, Protozoa

### **1.1 Introduction**

Principles of animal classification - Binomial nomenclature, Linnaean hierarchy; Criteria for animal classification - body layers, coelom, body symmetry, metamerism, cephalisation; Definition of species; Phylogeny; Classification of Animal Kingdom up to phylum.

# **1.2 Biodiversity**

Levels of biodiversity - species, genetic and ecosystem level diversity; Concept of Biodiversity hotspots; Biodiversity hotspots of India with emphasis on Western Ghats & Himalaya hotspots.

# 1.3 Phylum: Protozoa

General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable examples; Structure and life history of malarial parasite (Plasmodium vivax) and human parasitic protozoan (Entamoeba histolytica). 

### Unit - II: Porifera, Coelenterata, Ctenophora

2.1 Phylum: Porifera	5 Hrs
General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable exa	mples;
Sycon-morphology; canal system in sponges.	
2.2 Phylum: Cnidaria and Ctenophora	5 Hrs
General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable	
examples; Polymorphism in Physalia and Halistemma; Coral reefs - Fringing, l	Barrier,
Atoll; Structure of Corallite; Metagenesis in Obelia.	
2.2.1 Distinctive characters of Ctenophora, Externals of <i>Pleurobrachia</i> .	

### Unit - III: Platyhelminthes, Nemathelminthes and Annelida

3.1 Phylum: Platyhelminthes	3 Hrs
General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable ex Structure and life history of liver fluke and tapeworm.	xamples
3.2 Phylum: Nemathelminthes	3 Hrs
General characters of the phylum with suitable examples; External characters, 1 and pathogenicity and preventive measures of <i>Ascaris</i> .	ife cycle
3.3 Phylum: Annelida	4 Hrs

5 Hrs

2 Hrs

3 Hrs

General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable examples; Tubicolous adaptations in *Sabella* and *Chaetopterus*; External features and life history of earthworm.

#### Unit - IV: Arthropoda, Onychophora, Mollusca and Echinodermata

# 4.1 Phylum: Arthropoda and Onychophora

General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable examples; Externals of marine prawn (*Penaeus*) with detailed account of appendages; Metamorphosis in insects – Definition, types with examples – ametabola, hemimetabola and holometabola; Externals of *Peripatus*.

#### 4.2 Phylum: Mollusca

General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable examples; External features of *Unio* and *Pila*.

#### 4.3 Phylum: Echinodermata

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General characters of the phylum and classification up to classes with suitable examples; External features and water-vascular system of *Asterias*; Larval forms of Echinodermata – Bipinnaria, Echinopluteus.

#### Note:

- 1. Local examples with common and scientific names are to be given more emphasis for all the groups.
- 2. While selecting the examples, only such of the salient features of the examples have to be mentioned which are necessary to explain the general characters of the phylum/class.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Adam, S. 1990. A Students Text Book of Zoology, Vol. I, II & Vol. III. Low Price Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Agarwal, V.K. 2017. Zoology for Degree Students: Non-Chordata, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Ayyar, E. 1982. A Manual of Zoology Vol. I, Part I & II, S. Vishwanathan Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow. P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W., Spicer, J.I. 2002. The Invertebrates: Synthesis, Blackwell Publishing.
- 5. Dhami, P.S. & Dhami, J.K. 2021. Invertebrate Zoology, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, R. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
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- 7. Holland, P. 2011. The Animal Kingdom: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Hussain, S. A. & Achar, K.P. 1999. Biodiversity of the Western Ghats Complex of Karnataka. Resource Potential and Sustainable Utilization. Mangalore: Biodiversity Initiative Trust.
- 9. Jordan, E.L. & Verma, P.S. 2022. Invertebrate Zoology, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.
- 10. Kotpal, R.L. 2017. Modem Text Book of Invertebrates, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 11. Kotpal, R.L. 2017. Protozoa to Echinodermata (Phylum Series), Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 12. Lal, S.S. 2016. A Text book of Practical Zoology Invertebrates, Rastogi Publications.
- 13. Verma, P.S. 2013. A Manual of Practical Zoology Invertebrates, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.

4Hrs

3Hrs

Program Name			SEMESTER	
Course Title Course Code:			SITY-I (NON-CHORDATA) (PR	2
Contact hours	4 Hrs/week		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks		10	Summative assessment marks	40

# A. Museum specimens and slides.

Commonly available specimens cited in the list of examples are to be selected for practicals.

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# **B.** Dissections (Demonstration only)

- 1. Prawn: Nervous system
- 2. Earthworm: Nervous system
- 3. Leech: a) Digestive system
  - b) Reproductive system
- 4. Cockroach: a) Digestive system
  - b) Nervous system
  - c) Male and female reproductive systems
- 5. Observations of hay infusion culture to study living protozoans like *Euglena, Paramecium*, *Vorticella, Amoeba* etc.

### C. Mounting and Whole mount preparations

- i) Demonstration of mounting of the following:
  - a. Prawn: Appendages
  - b. Leech: i) Salivary gland cells
    - ii) Jaw
  - c. Cockroach: Salivary glands, Mouth parts
  - d. Earthworm: Ovary, Body setae
- ii) Whole mount preparation: Cnidarian colonies *Obelia, Sertularia, Pennaria, Tubularia* (any two); Crustacean larvae Nauplius, Zoea, Mysis (any two) Processing and mounting.

## LIST OF MUSEUM SPECIMENS AND SLIDES

- 1. Slides of Elphidium, Euglena, Plasmodium, Paramecium, and Vorticella.
- 2. Specimens of Euplectella, Sycon, slides of sponge spicules.
- 3. Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Sea anemone, Fungia.
- 4. Planaria, Liver fluke, Tapeworm, Ascaris (Male and Female).
- 5. Nereis, Chaetopterus, Pheretima, Leech.
- 6. *Carcinus* (male or female crab), *Peripatus*, *Lepas*, *Scolopendra*, *Limulus* and *Palamnaeus* (Scorpion).

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- 7. Chiton, Dentalium, Xancus, Pila, Unio, Nautilus, Octopus.
- 8. Asterias (Star fish), Ophiothrix (Brittle star), Echinus (Sea-urchin), Cucumaria (Sea-Cucumber), Antedon (Sea-lily), Bipinnaria larva, Pluteus larva.

# SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc. ZOOLOGY: I SEMESTER Course Title: ANIMAL DIVERSITY- I (NON-CHORDATA)

#### **Code: BSCZOP**

Duration: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 40
I. Dissection - Identify, draw labeled diagram and comment on the system (Identification of the system - 1 Mark; Labelled diagram of the entire system - 2 Mark	rks; Description - 1
Mark) (A & B in different animals)	$2 \ge 4 = 08$
I. Mounting – Identify and comment on C. [Any one item from C (i)] (Identification -1 Mark; Diagram -1 Mark; Minimum two unique characters -1 Mark	03 k)
II. Mounting – Make a stained, temporary mounting of the given materia [Any one item from C (ii)] (Stained preparation-2 Marks; Procedure-1 Mark	
III. Identify, classify, draw labeled diagram and comment on E, F, G, an	dH.
(1 slide, 3 specimens). (Identification - 1/2 Mark; Classification - 1/2 Mark; Labo	elled
diagram -1 Mark; Four Comments - 2 Marks)	4x4=16
IV. Class records	10
	TOTAL = 40

# Note:

- 1. Questions must be framed as per the scheme provided.
- 2. Internal assessment marks to be allotted after conducting one practical test at the end of the semester.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	II
Course Title	ANIMAL DI	VERSITY	-II (CHORDATA) (THEORY)	
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3
Contact hours 40 Hrs (4 hours/week)			Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks		20	Summative assessment marks	80

#### Unit - I: Hemichordata, Chordata, and Cyclostomata

1.1 Hemichordata	2 Hrs
General characters of the phylum and external features of Balanoglossus;	Tornaria
larva.	
1.2 Chordata	1 Hrs
General characters of Chordata and outline classification up to subphyla.	
1.2.1 Protochordata	2 Hrs
Characters of Urochordata and Cephalochordata with examples; External of <i>Herdmania</i> and <i>Branchiostoma</i> .	features
1.3. Vertebrata	1 Hrs
General characters of Vertebrata; Outline classification up to classes.	
1.4 Cyclostomata	4 Hrs
General characters; External features and differences between Lamprey ( <i>Petro</i> and Hag fish ( <i>Myxine</i> ), Structure of Ammocoetes larva and its metamorphosis.	omyzon)
Unit - II: Pisces and Amphibia	
<b>2.1. Pisces</b> - General characteristics and aquatic adaptations of fishes.	2 Hrs
2.2 Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes	2 Hrs
General characters of Chondrichthyes with examples; General characters of Osteichthyes with examples.	
2.3 Amphibia	2 Hrs
General characters and classification up to orders; Distinguishing features of Anur and Urodela with suitable examples.	a, Apoda
2.3.1 Endoskeleton of Frog	4 Hrs
Skull, lower jaw, hyoid apparatus, vertebral column, pectoral and pelvic gird skeleton.	les, limb
Unit - III: Reptilia and Aves	

# **3.1 Reptilia** 5 Hrs General characters and classification up to orders (living orders only) with suitable examples; Temporal fossae and arcades in reptiles; Indian snakes – Examples of poisonous and Non- poisonous snakes; Distinguishing poisonous from non-poisonous snakes; Poison apparatus and its working mechanism; Snake venom and anti-venom.

#### 3.2 Aves

General characters and classification; Distinctive features of Archaeornithes and Neornithes with reference to Palaeognathae, Impennae and Neognathae giving suitable examples; Flight adaptations in birds.

#### Unit - IV: Mammalia

4.1 Classification and distinctive features	4Hrs
General characters and classification up to subclasses; Distinctive features	of Prototheria,
Metatheria and Eutheria with important examples.	
4.2. Important characters of following Eutherian orders with examples.	4Hrs
Primates, Chiroptera, Cetacea, Perissodactyla, Artiodactyla, Carnivora,	Rodentia and
Proboscidia.	
4.3. Organ systems	1 Hrs
Study of digestive system and reproductive system of rat.	
4.4 Exoskeletal structures	1Hrs
Structure of horns, antlers, hooves & hairs.	

#### Note:

- 1. Local examples with common and scientific names are to be given more emphasis for all the groups.
- 2. While selecting the examples, only such of the salient features of the examples have to be mentioned which are necessary to explain the general characters of the phylum/class.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Adam, S. 1990. A Students Text Book of Zoology, Low Price Publications, Delhi, Vol. I, II & Vol.III.
- 2. Ayyar, E. 1982. A Manual of Zoology Vol. II, S. Vishwanathan Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Colbert, E.H. 2011. Evolution of the Vertebrates, Wiley Student Edition.
- 4. Dhami & Dhami. 2014. Chordate Zoology, R. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- 5. Jordan, E.L. & Verma, P.S. 2013. Chordate Zoology, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.
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- 7. Lal, S.S. 2009. Practical Zoology Vertebrate 12th Ed, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
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- 11. Prakash, M. & Arora, C. K. 1998. Laboratory Animals, Anmol Publicating, Ansari Road, NewDelhi.
- 12. Verma, P.S. 2013. A Manual of Practical Zoology (Vertebrates), S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	II		
Course Title	ANIMAL DIVERSITY-II (CHORDATA) (PRACTICAL)					
Course Code:	BSCZOP		No. of Credits	2		
Contact hours	4 Hrs/week		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs		
Formative assessment marks		10	Summative assessment marks	40		

#### A. Museum specimens and slides

Commonly available specimens cited in the list of examples are to be selected for practicals.

#### **B.** Dissections (Demonstration only)

- 1. Mouse
  - a) Digestive system
  - b) Male and Female Urinogenital systems
- 2. Fish- Afferent branchial system, Cranial nerves V, VII, X.

### C. Mounting

Fish scales (Placoid, Cycloid and Ctenoid)

- **D.Study of Exoskeletal structures:** Bird feathers (Down feather, Contour feather); Horns (Cattle, Sheep); Hooves (Cattle, Horse/ Donkey)
- **E. Study of Endoskeletal structures**: Skull (Amphibian, Reptilian, Avian, Mammalian); Vertebrae, Girdles and limb skeleton of Frog.

## LIST OF MUSEUM SPECIMENS AND SLIDES

- 1. Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Amphioxus, Tornaria larva (all).
- 2. Petromyzon, Myxine, Ammocoetes larva (all).
- 3. Narcine (Electric ray), Pristis (Saw fish), Trygon (Sting ray), Scoliodon (Shark) (Any two).
- 4. Anguilla, Hippocampus, Anabas testudineus, Catla catla, Clarius batrachus, Gambusia affinis (Any two).
- Ichthyophis (Caecilian), Bufo melanosticus (Common Toad), Rana hexadactyla (Indian Pond Frog), Rana cyanophlyctis (Skipper Frog), Hoplobatrachus tigerinus (Indian Bull Frog), Rhacophorus malabaricus (Malabar Gliding Frog), Ambystoma, Salamander, Axolotl larva (1 limbless; 1 tailed; others -2).
- 6. *Hemidactylus frenatus* (Southern House Gecko), *Calotes versicolor* (Common garden Lizard), *Varanus benghalensis* (Common Indian Monitor), *Draco dussumieri* (Draco), *Calotes rouxi* (Forest Calotes), *Chameleon zeylancius* (Indian Chaemeleon), *Crocodylus porosus* (Mugger) (any three).
- 7. Ptyas mucosus (Common rat snake), Bungarus fasciatus (Banded Krait), Bungarus caeruleus (Common Indian Krait), Naja naja (Indian Cobra), Python molurus (Indian Python), Trimeresurus malabaricus (Pit Viper), Eryx conicus (Russell's Earth Boa), Daboia russelii (Russell's Viper) (any four).

- 8. *Geochelone elegans* (Starred Tortoise), *Geochelone travancorica* (Travancore Tortoise), *Chelone mydas* (any two).
- 9. Pycnonotus jocosus (Red whiskered Bulbul), Dicrurus adsimilis (Black Drongo or King crow), Oriolus xanthornus (Black-hooded Oriole), Sturnus pagodarum (Black headed or Brahminy Myna), Psittacula cyanocephala (Blossom headed Parakeet), Haliastur indus (Brahminy Kite), Centropus sinensis (Crow Pheasant), Ardea cinerea (Grey Heron), Corvus splendens (House Crow), Passer domesticus (House Sparrow), Tyto alba (Indian Barn Owl), Ploceus philippinus (Indian Baya), Oriolus oriolus (Indian Golden Oriole), Pavo cristatus (Indian Peafowl), Acridotheres tristis (Common Myna), Ardeola grayii (Indian Pond Heron or Paddy bird), Nectarinia asiatica (Indian Purple Sunbird), Copsychus saularis (Magpie Robin), Amauronis phoenicurus (Indian Whitebreasted Waterhen), Dinopium benghalense (Lesser Golden backed Woodpecker), Egretta garzetta (Little Egret) (any four).
- Echidna, Bandicota indica (Bandicoot Rat), Lepus nigricollis (Black naped hare), Macaca radiata (Bonnet Macaque), Presbytis entellus (Common Langur), Herpestus edwardsi (Common Mongoose), Paradoxurus hermaphrodites (Common Palm Civet), Petaursita philippensis (Common giant flying squirrel), Funambulus palmarum (Three striped palm squirrel), Rousettus leshenulti (Fulvous fruit bat), Mus musculus (House Mouse), Rattus rattus (House Rat), Pteropus giganteus (Indian Flying Fox) (any three).

**Note:** 1. Local examples with common and scientific names are to be given more emphasis for all the groups.

2. Only such of the salient features of the examples have to be mentioned which are necessary to explain the general characters of the phylum/class.

3. In the event of non-availability of specimens, related internet downloaded photos/movies can be shown.

# SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc. ZOOLOGY: II SEMESTER Course Title: ANIMAL DIVERSITY- II (CHORDATA)

#### **Code: BSCZOP**

Duration: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 4(
I. Dissection - Identify, draw labeled diagram and comment on the systems A (Identification of the system - 1 Mark; Labelled diagram of the entire system - 2 Marks; Mark) (A & B in different enimale)	
<ul> <li>Mark) (A &amp; B in different animals)</li> <li>II. Mounting – Make a stained, temporary mounting of the given material C (Stained preparation-2 Marks)</li> </ul>	
III. Identify, classify, draw labeled diagram and comment on D, E, and F. (Identification-½ Mark; Classification-½ Mark; Labelled diagram-1 Mark; Four Comm	3x4=12 nents-2 Marks)
IV. Exoskeleton – Identify and comment on G. (Identification-1 Mark; Minimum two unique features-1 Mark)	02
<ul> <li>V. Endoskeleton – Identify and comment on the material H and I (One Skul Skeleton; One vertebra).</li> <li>(Skull/Girdle/Limb Skeleton: Identification-1 Mark; Minimum six unique features-3 Ma (Vertebra: Identification - ½ Mark; Minimum 3 unique features - 1½ Marks)</li> </ul>	
VI. Class records	10
	TOTAL = 40

Note:

3. Questions must be framed as per the scheme provided.

4. Internal assessment marks to be allotted after conducting one practical test at the end of the semester.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	III
Course Title	PHYSIOLO (THEORY	,	CHEMISTRY AND IMMUNO	LOGY
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	40 Hrs (4 hou	rs/week)	Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 20		20	Summative assessment marks	80

#### **Unit - I: Physiology**

#### **1.1 Introduction**

Definition; Branches and scope of physiology.

#### **1.2 Osmoregulation**

Definition; Types of solutions-hypotonic, isotonic and hypertonic; Osmoconformers and Osmoregulators; Osmoregulation in shark, marine and freshwater teleosts, terrestrial mammals (Kangaroo rat and camel).

#### **1.3 Thermoregulation**

Ectotherms, Endotherms, and Heterotherms; Temperature regulation in Poikilotherms and Homeotherms; Aestivation and hibernation.

#### 1.4 Digestion

Mechanical and chemical digestion; Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.

# **1.5 Respiration**

External and internal respiration; Respiratory pigments - Haemoglobin, haemocyanin and haemoerythrin; Physiology of respiration – breathing, exchange of gases - transport of oxygen - oxygen dissociation curves - Bohr effect - transport of carbon dioxide - chloride shift; Respiratory quotient.

### Unit - II: Physiology (Contd...)

### 2.1. Circulation

Types of circulation; Structure and functions of human heart; Origin and conduction of heart beat; Cardiac cycle; Blood pressure - hypertension and hypotension; Composition of human blood – Plasma, Erythrocytes, leucocytes and platelets.

### 2.2 Nirtrogen Excretion

Nitrogen excretion in aquatic and terrestrial animals – Ammonotelism, Ureotelism and Uricotelism with examples; Ornithine cycle in humans; Physiology of urine formation in humans – ultrafiltration, tubular reabsorption and tubular secretion.

# 2.3 Muscle Contraction

Principal types of muscles; Ultrastructure of striated muscles; Contractile proteins - myosin, actin, tropomyosin, troponin and actinin; Mechanism of muscle contraction and relaxation - the sliding filament theory; Structure of neuromuscular junction; Properties of muscle - Muscle fatigue, muscle twitch, muscle tetanus, rigor mortis.

1 Hr

2 Hrs

2 Hrs

2 Hrs

3 Hrs

3 Hrs

3 Hrs

#### Unit - III: Physiology (Contd...)

3.1 Nerve Coordination	3 Hrs
Types of nervous systems; Structure and types of neurons; Nature and conduc	tion of nerve
impulse; Types of synapses and synaptic transmission.	
3.2 Sense Organs	3 Hrs
Classification of sense organs - Photo-, chemo- and thermoreceptors;	Structure of
	1

Classification of sense organs – Photo-, chemo- and thermoreceptors; Structure of mammalian ear and mechanism of hearing; Structure of mammalian eye and mechanism of image formation.

4 Hrs

5 Hrs

## **3.3 Endocrine System**

Human endocrine glands – Functions of Pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenals, and pineal glands; Hormonal disorders in humans - Pituitary dwarfism, Cretinism, Cushing's disease, Diabetes mellitus; Hypothalamus - stimulating and inhibitory effects.

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#### **Unit - IV: Biochemistry and Immunology**

### 4.1 Biochemistry

- 4.1.1 a. Carbohydrates Definition, classification, examples; Biological importance.
  b. Lipids Definition, classification, examples; Biological importance.
  1 Hrs
- **4.1.2 Proteins** Definition; A brief account of amino acids; Classification of proteins, examples and biological importance of proteins.
- 4.1.3 Enzymes Definition, types; Classification of enzymes (IUB system); Mechanism of enzyme action Lock and key model; Factors affecting enzyme action; Mechanism of enzyme inhibition.
- **4.1.4 Vitamins** Functions of Fat soluble vitamins (A, D, E and K), water soluble vitamins (B-complexand vitamin C); Deficiency symptoms: Night blindness, Scurvy, Beri-beri, Rickets.

# 4.2 Immunology

Immune System - innate and acquired; Cells of immune system; Organs of immune system - Primary lymphoid organs (Bone Marrow, Bursa of Fabricius, Thymus), Secondary lymphoid organs (Lymphoid follicles, lymph nodes, Peyer's patches); Antigens and Antigenecity; Immunoglobulins - structure and functions of IgG; Primary and secondary immune responses; Immunization; Autoimmune diseases – Definition, examples – Type I Diabetes and Rheumatoid Arthritis.

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### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Abul, K. A. and Andrew, H. L. 2003. Cellular and Molecular Immunology, Saunders Publications.
- 2. Chatterjee, C. C. 2013. Human Physiology, Vol. I., CBS Publishing.
- 3. Conn, E.E., & Stumpf, P.F. 1995. Outlines of Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons.
- 4. David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R.B., and Ivan, R. 2006. Immunology, Mosby, Elsevier Publication.
- 5. Deb, A.C. 2012. Fundamentals of Biochemistry, New Central Book Agency.
- 6. Giese, A. C. 1969. Cell Physiology, Saunders Co. Ltd.
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- 8. Hoar, W.S. 1983. Comparative Animal Physiology, Prentice Hall.
- 9. Ivan, M. R. 1988. Essential Immunology, Low Price Edn. VI, ELBS Publisher.
- 10. Joshi, K.R., Osama, N.O. 1998. Immunology, 4th Edition, Agro Botanica, Bikaner.

- 11. Kindt, T.J., Goldsby R.A., Osborne, B.A., and Kuby, J. 2006. Immunology, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman Company.
- 12. Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell. 1988. Harper's Biochemistry XX1 edn.Prentice Hall International Inc. Connecticut.
- 13. Nandini Shetty. 1993. Immunology-Introductory Text Book, Wiley Estern Ltd., New Delhi.
- 14. Nelson, D.L. & Cox, M.M. 2005. Lehninger's Principle of Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman &Company, New York.
- 15. Prosser and Brown. 1973. Comparative Animal Physiology, Satish Book Enterprises, Agra.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	III
Course Title		PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND IMMUNOLOGY (PRACTICAL)		
Course Code:	BSCZOP		No. of Credits	2
Contact hours	4 Hrs/week		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 10		10	Summative assessment marks	40

# **MAJOR EXPERIMENTS:**

### A. Physiology:

- 1. Total erythrocyte counts in human blood sample.
- 2. Total leucocyte counts in human blood sample.
- 3. Salivary amylase activity test of human saliva.
- 4. Osmotic haemolysis in animal cells.

#### **B.** Biochemistry:

- 1. Qualitative tests:
  - a. Carbohydrtes: Molisch's Test, Benedict's test for glucose, Iodine test for starch.
  - b. Proteins: Biuret test, Xanthophoretic test, Ninhydrin test.
  - c. Nitrogenous excretory wastes:
    - i. Ammonia Nessler's reagent test.
    - ii. Urea Sodium hypobromite test.
    - iii. Uric acid Folin's uric acid reagent test.
  - d. Abnormal constituents of Human urine:
    - i. Sugar (glucose) Benedict's test.
    - ii. Albumen Heller's Nitric acid ring test.
    - iii. Ketone Rothera's test.

## C. Immunology:

- 1. Preparation of stained blood smear and identification of different types of blood cells RBCs, Neutrophils, Lymphocytes, Eosinophils, Monocytes, and Basophils.
- 2. Identification of organs of immune system Bone marrow, Thymus, Lymph nodes, Spleen, Peyer's patches, Tonsils Specimens/slides/charts/models.

\*Note: (Students have to identify the presence of the organic compound in the sample provided, giving the principle of reaction).

#### **MINOR EXPERIMENTS:**

- 1. Preparation of haematin crystals from human blood.
- 2. Determination of bleeding time of human blood.
- 3. Determination of clotting time of human blood.
- 4. Estimation of hemoglobin in human blood (Sahli's method).
- 5. Detection of lipids Solubility test, Greasy spot test.

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# SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc. ZOOLOGY: III SEMESTER Course Title: PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND IMMUNOLOGY

#### Code: BSCZOP

Dura	tion: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 40
I.	Physiology experiment (by lots). (Conducting the test - 4 Marks; Principle/Procedure/observation/calculation/Inference Result - 2 Marks)	10 e - 4 Marks;
II.	Biochemistry experiment (by lots). Conduct suitable qualitative tests for the detection of Organic compoun Nitrogenous wastes/abnormal constituents of urine in the sample provid (Name of the test - 1 Mark; Principle - 2 Marks; Conducting the test - 3 Marks; Procedure/observation/inference (in tabular form) -3 Marks; Result -1 Mark)	
III.	Immunology: Identify and comment on the Cell A and Organ B (Comme (Cell A: Identification - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Mark, Diagram – 1 Mark, Comments – 1 Mark. Organ B: Identification - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Mark, Comments – 2 Marks)	on for all). 05
IV.	Minor experiment (any one) - Common for all. (Experiment - 4 Marks; Report-1 Mark)	05
V.	Class record	10
		TOTAL = 40

## Note:

- 1. Questions must be framed as per the scheme provided.
- 2. Internal assessment marks to be allotted after conducting one practical test at the end of the semester.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	IV	
Course Title	HISTOLOG (THEORY)	GY, ANIN	MAL BEHAVIOUR, APPLIED ZOOLOGY		
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3	
Contact hours	40 Hrs (4 hours/week)		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs	
Formative assessment marks 20		Summative assessment marks	80		

#### Unit - I: Histology

Study of histological structure of following mammalian organs.

- (a) Stomach (b) Intestine (c) Ovary (d) Testis
- (e) Liver (f) Pancreas (g) Thyroid (h) Kidney (i) Adrenal (l) Pituitary

#### Unit - II: Animal Behaviour

<b>2.1 Introduction, Types of Animal Behaviour</b> Innate behaviour - taxes, reflexes, instincts and motivation;	2 Hrs
Learnt behaviour - habituation, imprinting, conditioned reflexes and insight lear	ning;
Biological clock - circardian rhythms.	
2.2 Social organisation in animals	2 Hrs
Social behaviour - Definition; Social behaviour in Honey bees, termites, monkeys.	
2.3 Animal migration	2 Hrs
Introduction; Advantages of migration; Migration in fishes - anadromous, catadro	omous;
Migration in birds - types of migration, orientation and navigation, preparati	on for
migration.	
2.4 Courtship and Nesting Behaviour	2 Hrs
Introduction; Courtship behaviour in Peacock, River Tern, and Sarus Crane; Ty	ypes of
nests in birds; Nesting behaviour in Baya Weaver Bird and Hornbill.	
2.5 Parental Care	2 Hrs
Parental care in fishes (Hippocampus, Tilapia species, Arius species) and ampl	hibians
(Rhacophorus, salamander, Hyla and Ichthyophis).	
Unit III. Applied Zeelegy	

### **Unit - III: Applied Zoology**

### 3.1 Dairy

3 Hrs

3 Hrs

10 Hrs

Introduction; Breeds of dairy animals; Cattle: Milch breeds - Red Sindhi, Gir; Draught breeds - Amrithmahal, Hallikar; Dual purpose breeds - Krishna valley, Ongole; Exotic breeds - HF, Jersey; Buffalo breeds - Nagpuri, Surti; Goat breeds - Jamunapuri, Malabari; Milk - composition and uses; Milk products - Butter, Ghee, Cheese and Paneer - uses; Utility of cattle in agriculture and transport, biogas, fertilizer and gelatin production.

# **3.2 Poultry**

Introduction; Poultry breeds - layers, broilers and dual purpose breeds with any two exampleseach; Desi breeds of poultry - Aseel, Chittagong, Kadaknath, Giriraja; Housing management of poultry – intensive and semi-intensive methods; Poultry diseases – Ranikhet,

Fowl pox, Tick fever (Spirochaetosis), Fowl cholera; Prevention and control of poultry diseases.

# **3.3 Vermitechnology**

Ecological classification of earthworms (Epigeic, anesic, endogeic); Introduction to vermiculture; Methods of vermiculture - bin and pit methods; Preparation of vermicompost from any organic waste material (weeds, waste, domestic wastes, paper wastes etc.); Uses of vermicompost and vermiwash.

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## Unit - IV: Applied Zoology (Contd...)

### 4.1 Aquaculture

Definition; Techniques of culturing freshwater fishes; Induced breeding and seed fish production; Fish diseases and their control - White spot disease, Gyrodactylosis, Bacterial gill rot; Shrimp culture.

## 4.2 Apiculture

Introduction; Bee species used for apiculture; Methods of bee keeping – Traditional method, Modern method – Langstroth model; Predators of honey bees; Extractionof honey; Nutritive value and uses of honey; Bee wax and its uses; Diseases of honey bees and control -Nosemosis, American Foulbrood, Thai Sac Brood.

### **4.3 Pearl Culture**

Species of Pearl Oysters and their occurrence; Formation of natural pearl; Pearl producing sites in India; Steps involved in pearl culture - Oyster collection, Rearing, Insertion of nucleus, Post-operational care, harvesting.

# 4.4 Lac Culture

Lac insect - Kerria lacca - Structure and life history; Host plants; Cultivation of Lac; Economic importance of Lac.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Agarwal, S. C. 1990. Fishery Management, South Asia Books publication.
- 2. Berry, A.K. 2013. Text Book of Animal Histology, Emkay Publications.
- 3. Freeman, W.H. & Brain, B. 1968. An Atlas of Histology, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Heinemann Edwal Books Ltd., London.
- 4. Gillespie & Flanders. 2010. Modern Live Stock & Poultry Production, Delmar, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Inder, B. S. 2016. Human Histology, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
- 6. Jangi, B. S. 1991. Economic Zoology, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 7. Jaya surya and Armugam, N. 2013. Economic Zoology, Saras Publishers.
- 8. Jingram. 1991. Fish and Fisheries of India, South Asia Books publication.
- 9. Kejoshi, A., Susuma et al. 1984. Animal Behaviour, Springer Verlag, New York.
- 10. Nagendra, S. P. 2008. Applied Zoology, Adhyayan Publishers & Distributors.
- 11. Pradeep, J. 1993. A Text Book of Applied Zoology, Discovery Publishing.
- 12. Reena Mather. 2011. Animal Behaviour, Rastogi Publications.
- 13. Shukla & Upadhya, V. B. 2008. Economic Zoology, Rastogi Publications.
- 14. Srivastava. 1985. A Text Book of Fishery Science and Indian fishery, Kitabmahal.
- 15. Uday, S. B. 1995. Vermiculture Ecotechnology, Bhawalkar Earthworm Research Institute, Pune.

2 Hrs

2 Hrs

4 Hrs

3 Hrs

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	IV
Course Title		HISTOLOGY, ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR, APPLIED ZO (PRACTICAL)		
Course Code:	BSCZOP		No. of Credits	2
Contact hours	4 Hrs/week		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 10		10	Summative assessment marks	40

1. Observation of mammalian histology slides of the following organs: Stomach, Small intestine, Liver, Pancreas, Kidney, Ovary, testis, Thyroid and Adrenal.

2. Preparation of permanent slides of mammalian Stomach, Liver, Pancreas, Small intestine, Kidney, Testis, Ovary, Thyroid and Adrenal of Rat. (Any two slides prepared by the students have to be submitted at the time of examination).

- 3. Animal behaviour:
  - a. Social behaviour in honey bees Castes Queen, Drone, Worker.
  - b. Study of bird's nests Any four different types of nests.
  - c. Study of Parental care *Hippocampus, Ichthyophis*.
- 4. a. Milk products Curd, Butter, Ghee, Cheese, Paneer.
  - b. Fish products Fish oil, Fish meal, Fish manure.
  - c. Honey and Beewax.
  - d. Poultry Egg, Meat.
  - e. Pearl and Lac.

5. Field oriented practicals:

- i. Study of nesting and roosting places in birds, study of various types of bird nests (as per the availability).
- ii. Field visit to study animal behaviour in natural habitat -

Identification of castes/ Study of bee colonies, bee hives/ant colonies, ant nests/ termites and their mounds/ nesting behavior in solitary and social wasps/monkey troops etc.

- iii. Preparation of vermicompost using different raw materials (such as weeds, paper waste, domestic waste, sugar cane etc.)
- iv. Visit to honey bee rearing centers.
- v. Visit to fish/shrimp breeding centers.
- vi. Visit to dairy.
- vii. Visit to poultry farm.

**Note**: The field studies should be based on the above mentioned topics which shall be allotted at the beginning of semester. Each student shall prepare separate field report which is to be certified by staff in-charge and HOD. It should be submitted during practical examination

which shall be evaluated by both internal and external examiners. Field work must be supported

by proper documents and photographs of the field visit by individual students.

# SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc. ZOOLOGY: IV SEMESTER Course Title: HISTOLOGY, ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR, APPLIED ZOOLOGY (PRACTICAL)

#### **Code: BSCZOP**

Duration: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 40
I. Histology - Stain, mount, and identify the paraffin section provided. (Slide preparation - 5 Marks; Identification -1 Mark)	06
II. Histology – Identify, draw labelled diagram and comment on permanent (Identification -1 Mark; Labelled diagram -1 Mark; Comments - 2 Marks)	slides <b>A</b> and <b>B</b> . 2x4 = 08
III. Animal behaviour: Identify and comment on C and D. (Identification - ½ Mark; Comments - 1½ Marks)	2x2 = 04
IV. Applied Zoology: Identify and comment on E, F and G. (Identification - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Mark; Comments - 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Marks)	2x3 = 06
<ul> <li>V. Field Report*         <ul> <li>(Introduction -1 Mark; Details of field visited - 1 Mark; Observations including photog References -1 Mark)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	06 graphs - 3 Marks;
VI. Class Record + Slides	8+2 = 10
	TOTAL = 40

\*The Hand written field report (not exceeding 10 A4 size sheets) should include introduction, details of fields visited, detailed account of observations made, original photographs and references.

Note:

- 1. Questions must be framed as per the scheme provided.
- 2. Internal assessment marks to be allotted after conducting one practical test at the end of the semester.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	V
Course Title	CELL BIOI	LOGY ANI	D BIOTECHNOLOGY (THEC	DRY)
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	40 Hrs (3 hours/week)		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 20		Summative assessment marks	80	

#### **Unit - I: Cell Biology**

#### **1.1 Introduction**

Definition; Subdivisions of cell biology; Scope of cell biology.

#### **1.2 Chromosomes**

Morphology of chromosomes - centromere, telomere; Heterochromatin and Euchromatin; Types of chromosomes, chromosome number; Ultrastructure of chromosomes -Nucleosome model, Giant chromosome - Polytene and Lampbrush chromosomes.

# **1.3 Nucleic Acids**

Introduction - Identification of genetic material - Griffith's experiment, experiments of Avery, MacLeod and McCarty, Hershey-Chase experiment; Chemistry of nucleic acids structure of DNA - Watson and Crick DNA model; Mechanism of DNA replication -Meselson and Stahl's experiment. DNA repair - Excision repair, photoreactivation and recombinational repairs; Types of RNA; Transcription and RNA processing (Intron splicing and post transcriptional modifications).

### Unit - II: Cell Biology (Contd...)

2.1	Plasma membrane and cell junctions	3 Hrs
	Fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane; Functions of plasma membrane; Types	s of cell
2.2	junctions; Extracellular matrix. Cytoskeleton elements	2 Hrs
	Microtubules; Microfilaments; Intermediate filaments - organization and functions	
2.3	Cell differentiation	1 Hrs
	Definition; Nucleo-cytoplasmic interactions (Experiments with Acetabularia).	
2.3	Cancer and Carcinogenic Agents	4 Hrs
	Concept of cancer; Types of cancer; Characteristics of cancerous cells; One Immune system in cancer; Carcinogenic agents - physical, chemical and bio Strategies of cancer therapy - Immunotherapy, Radiotherapy, Chemotherapy; telomere in cell ageing and cancer; A brief account on apoptosis.	logical;
	it - III: Cell Biology (Contd)	
3.1	Genetic Code and Protein Biosynthesis	3 Hrs
	Genetic code: Definition and Properties, Wobble hypothesis; Protein Biosy Components of protein biosynthesis; Mechanism of protein biosynthesis.	nthesis-
3.2.	Mitosis	3 Hrs
3.3.	Cell cycle - Phases of cell cycle – interphase – prophase - centriole cycle - mitotic ap -metaphase, anaphase and telophase; Cytokinesis; Differences between mitosis in and plant cells; significance of mitosis; Mitotic inhibitors - examples and application <b>Meiosis</b>	animal

1 Hrs

4 Hrs

Phases of meiotic cycle - I meiotic division - Synaptonemal complex and recombination; Mechanism of crossing over; cytological basis of crossing over (Stern's experiment); Significance of crossing over; Interkinesis; Second meiotic division; Significance of meiosis: Differences between mitosis and meiosis.

#### **Unit - IV: Biotechnology**

## 4.1 Introduction to Genetic Engineering Introduction; Restriction endonucleases (I, II and III); Cloningvehicles - plasmids, episomes, transposons, animal viruses, shuttle vectors; Gene libraries -genomic library cDNA library; Introducing Cloned Genes into the Host Cells - Transformation, Transduction, Particle Gun, Electroporation.

#### 4.2 Techniques in Biotechnology

PCR technique, Southern, Northern and Western blotting technique; DNA finger printing - principle, method and applications; DNA sequencing - Sanger and Cohlson's Method; Proteomics and genomics; Protein engineering; FISH, RAPD, RFLP - Definition and applications.

#### 4.3 Applications of Biotechnology

Introduction; Microbes in pollution control; Biotechnology in bioremediation; Biotechnology in disease prevention and diagnosis, Pharmaceuticals, Vaccines; Transgenic animals; Stem cells in transgenesis; Gene therapy.

# **REFERENCES**:

1. Cohn, N.S. 1969. Elements of Cytology, Harcourt Publishers.

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- 2. Darnell, J. H., Lodish and Baltimore, D. 1995. Molecular Cell Biology, Scientific American Books, New York.
- 3. De Robertis, E.D.P. & Robertis, E.M.F. 1987. Cell & Molecular Biology, Lea & Febiger, US.
- 4. Gupta, P.K. 2013. Cell Biology, Genetics and Evolution, Rastogi Publications.
- 5. Jha, A. P. 1993. Genes and Evolution, Mac Millan India Ltd.
- 6. Joshi, P.1999. Genetic Engineering & its Application, Agro Botanica, India.
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- 9. Lewis, L. K. & Valerie, M. K. 1995. Principles of Cell and Molecular Biology, Harper Collins College Publishers.
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- 12. Sandhya Mitra. 2015. Principles of Genetic Engineering, McGraw Hill.
- 13. Sheeler & Bianchi. 2005. Cell & Molecular Biology, Wiley International.
- 14. Verma and Agarwal. 1999. A Text Book of Cytology, S. Chand & Company. New Delhi.
- 15. Verma, P.S. and Agarwal. 2004. Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology, S. Chand & Company.

4Hrs

3 Hrs

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	V
Course Title	1	/	ATISTICS, EVOLUTION AND (THEORY)	)
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	40 Hrs (3 hou	rs/week)	Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 20		Summative assessment marks	80	

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# Unit - I: Genetics

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1.1. Introduction and Laws of Inheritance	4Hrs
Introduction and branches of genetics; Heredity and variation; Mendel's experimentation	ments -
Mono and Dihybrid crosses, Test cross and Back cross; Mendel's laws of inho	eritance;
Use of Drosophila in genetic studies; Dihybrid crosses in Drosophila.	
1.2 Interaction of Genes (Modified genetic ratios)	3Hrs
Incomplete dominance - 1:2:1 - Plumage pigmentation in fowl.	
Supplementary factors - 9:3:3:1 - Comb pattern in fowls.	
Dominant Epistasis - 12:3:1 - Plumage colour in Leghorn and Wyandotte.	
Recessive Epistasis - 9:3:4 - Coat colour in Guinea pigs.	
Complementary factors - 9:7 - Flower colour in sweet peas.	
Lethal genes - Coat colour in mice.	
1.3 Multiple Alleles, Polygenic inheritance and Pleiotropism	3 Hrs
ABO blood groups in humans; Rh factor - Erythroblastosis fetalis; Blood typing ar transfusion; Inheritance of coat color in rabbit; Polygenic inheritance in man - ski Pleiotropism (Cystic fibrosis in humans and vestigial wing in <i>Drosophila</i> ).	
Unit - II: Genetics (Contd)	
2.1 Nature and Nurture	1 Hrs
Definition; Norm of reaction, Experiments on Himalayan Albino rabbit and	Human
twins; Phenocopy; Penetrance and expressivity with examples.	
2.2 Linkage and gene mapping	3 Hrs
Linkage – Definition; Complete and partial linkage in <i>Drosophila</i> ; Significance of Linkage maps - Construction of chromosome maps; Two-point test cross, three p	
cross.	
2.3 Sex-determination and Sex linked inheritance	3Hrs
Types of Sex chromosomes; Chromosomal mechanism of sex determination (2	
XX-XO, ZZ-ZW and ZZ-ZO types with specific examples); Sex linked inheri	
Drosophila (White eye); Haemophilia and colour blindness in man; Sex linkage	
(barred plumagepattern in poultry); Sex limited (plumage pattern in Leghorn for	vls) and
sex influenced traits (baldness in humans).	
2.4 Gene, gene regulation and Gene Mutation	3Hrs
Fine structure of gene - cistron, muton, recon, introns; Regulation of gene expre	
prokaryotes - Lac Operon; Mutation – point mutation, frame-shift	mutation,
insertions. ClB technique.	

#### **Unit - III: Human Genetics and Biostatistics**

#### 3.1 Human Genetics

Human karyotype; Idiogram; Pedigree analysis; Common human chromosomal syndromes - Klinefelter's and Turner's Syndromes, Down's syndrome; Inborn errors of metabolism – Albinism, Phenylketonuria, Alkaptonuria, Sickle cell anemia, Thalassemia, Huntington's chorea; Prenatal diagnosis - Amniocentesis, chorionic villus sampling; Genetic counseling.

#### **3.2 Biostatistics**

Introduction to biostatistics - Basic concepts; Presentation of data - Tabulation, frequency distribution, graphical and diagrammatic representation; Analysis of data - mean, median and mode; Standard deviation; Tests of significance - Student t - test, chi-square test. (Wherever necessary, appropriate problems should be worked out).

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# **Unit - IV: Evolution and Palaeontology**

# 4.1 Theories of Organic Evolution and Speciation

Lamarckism; Darwin-Wallace theory of Natural Selection; Synthetic theory of evolution -Neo-Darwinism; Hardy-Weinberg law of equilibrium; Factors influencing change in genefrequencies of a population - gene mutation, gene flow, genetic drift; Natural Selection –types - Stabilizing selection, Directional selection and Disruptive selection; Artificial selection with examples (insecticidal resistance in insects or industrial melanism); Isolationand Isolating mechanisms – i. Geographical isolation. ii. Reproductive isolation -Prezygotic/Premating isolation – Ecological, Seasonal, Ethological, Mechanical,Physiological and Gametic mortality; Post zygotic/Post mating isolation – Cytological,Zygotic mortality, Hybrid inviability, Hybrid sterility; Speciation - sympatric and allopatric speciation.

#### 4.2 Evidences of Organic Evolution

2 Hrs

2 Hrs

2 Hrs

Evidences from comparative morphology and anatomy, comparative physiology and biochemistry, comparative embryology and palaeontology.

#### 4.3 Palaeontology

Brief account of geological time scale; Fossils and fossilization; Dinosaurs; Study of connecting links: *Peripatus* and *Archaeopteryx*.

#### 4.4. Evolution of Horse and Man

Origin and evolution of horse (*Eohippus*, *Mesohippus*, *Merichyppus* and *Equus*) and man (*Australopithecus*, Java ape man, Neanderthal man and Cro-Magnon Man).

#### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Dobzhansky, Ayala, Stebbins & Valentine. 1977. Evolution, W.H. Freeman & Company.
- 2. Gardner. 1991. Principles of Genetics, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York.
- 3. Gupta, P.K. 2013. Cell Biology, Genetics and Evolution, Rastogi Publications.
- 4. Gurumani, N. 2004. An Introduction to Biostatistics, MJP publishers, Chennai.
- 5. Jha, A.P. 1993. Genes and Evolution, Mac Millan India Ltd.
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- 7. Lewin, B. (Ed). 1996. Genes, VII Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Norman, T. J., Bailey. 1994. Statistical Methods in Biology, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Cambridge University Press.
- 9. Robert, H. T. 1982. Principles of Genetics, PWS Publishers.
- 10. Sinnott, Dunn, Dobzhansky. 1958. Principles of Genetics, Mc Graw Hill.
- 11. Strickberger. 1995. Genetics, III Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

4 Hrs

6 Hrs

- 12. Sudhakar Rao, M., Madhyastha, N.A. 1982. Cytology, Genetics and Evolution, Geetha Book House.
- 13. Suzuki, Griffiths, Miller & Lewontin. 1986. An Introduction to Genetic Analysis, W.H.Freeman & Company, New York.
- 14. Hassard, T.H. 1991. Understanding Biostatistics, Mosby year Book St. Louis.
- 15. Verma, P.S. and Agarwal. 2004. Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.

Program Name	B.Sc.		SEMESTER	V	
Course Title	BIOSTATI	CELL BIOLOGY, BIOTECHNOLOGY, GENETICS, BIOSTATISTICS, EVOLUTION AND PALAEONTOLOGY (PRACTICAL)			
Course Code:	BSCZOP		No. of Credits	2	
Contact hours	4 Hrs/week		Duration of SEA/Exam	4 Hrs	
Formative assessment marks 20		20	Summative assessment marks	80	

- 1. Observation of permanent slides of onion root tip to study all stages of mitosis.
- 2. Observation of permanent slides of grasshopper testis to study various stages of meiosis.
- 3. Squash preparation of onion root tip to demonstrate stages of mitosis.
- 4. Squash preparation of grasshopper testis to demonstrate stages of meiosis.
- 5. Squash preparation of salivary gland chromosomes of Drosophila/ Chironomous larva.
- 6. Isolation of DNA from coconut endosperm/chicken liver.
- 7. Experiments with *Drosophila*.
  - Phenotypic characters and sexual dimorphism in Drosophila.
  - Mutants of *Drosophila* (white eye, bar eye, sepia eye, vestigial wing, curly wing, ebony body and yellow body any four).
  - Mounting of sex comb.
- 8. Blood typing for the detection of ABO blood group and Rh factor.
- 9. Genetics problems
  - Genetic problems: Monohybrid inheritance (1)
  - Genetic problems: Dihybrid inheritance (1)
  - Genetic problems: Multiple alleles ABO blood group in humans (1)
  - Sex-linked inheritance in Drosophila (1)
  - Sex linked inheritance in humans (1)
- 10. Biostatistics problems
  - Graphical/diagramatic representation (2)
  - Mean, median, mode (2)
  - Chi-square test (1)
  - Student t- test (1)
- 11. Evolution
  - Study of homologous organs forelimbs of frog and bird; mouth parts ofcockroach, mosquito and butterfly.
  - Study of analogous organs wings of insect and bird.
  - Study of vestigial organs appendix and third molar tooth in man.
- 12. Palaeontology
  - Connecting links: Peripatus and Archaeopteryx.
  - Living fossil: *Nautilus*.
  - Models of Dinosaurs: (Tyrannosaurus, Brontosaurus, Stegosaurus and Triceratops).
  - Study of models of fossil man. (Any two available models).

# SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc. Zoology: V Semester Course Title: CELL BIOLOGY, BIOTECHNOLOGY, GENETICS, BIOSTATISTICS, EVOLUTION AND PALEONTOLOGY Code: BSCZOP

Duration: 4 hours	Max. Marks: 80
I. Squash - Make a stained squash preparation of on (Stained slide preparation with at least one dividing stage - 6 Mark; comment – 2 Mark)	
II. Squash - Make a stained squash preparation of sal (Dissecting the gland - 3 Marks; Salivary gland chromosomes	
III. Identify and comment on the permanent slides A a (1- mitosis and 1- meiosis) (Identification - 1 Mark; Labeled	
IV. Solve the genetics problem A and biostatistics pro (Working out the problem - 4 Marks; Result – 1 Mark)	bblem <b>B</b> . $2x5 = 10$
V. Mounting:	
<ul><li>a. Make a temporary mounting of the sex comb. (Mounting of entire tarsus with sex comb on a glass slide w</li><li>b. Identify the ABO and Rh blood group of the giver</li></ul>	· · · · ·
significance of blood grouping.	05
(Identification of ABO and Rh group $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$ Mark; Reas antigen antibody reaction of the identified blood group; Sign	
VI. Identify the <i>Drosophila</i> mutants <b>C</b> and <b>D</b> with reaso (Identification - ½ Mark; Chromosome number and site - ½ M	
VII. Identify and comment on E (specimen or model fr (Identification 1 Mark; Labeled diagram - 1 Mark; Commer	
VIII. Class Record (15)+Viva (05)	20
	Total $= 80$

Note: 1. Questions must be framed as per the scheme provided.

2. Internal assessment marks to be allotted after conducting one practical test at the end of the semester.

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Program Name	B.Sc		SEMESTER	VI
Course Title		REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY (THEORY)		
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	40 Hrs (3 hours/week)		Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 20		Summative assessment marks	80	

#### **Unit - I: Reproductive Biology**

#### **1.1 Reproductive system**

Male reproductive system: primary sex organs - male accessory ducts - copulatory organ - accessory glands; Female reproductive system - primary sex organs - female accessory organs - accessory glands - external genitalia; Secondary sexual characters in humans.

#### 1.2 Gametogenesis

Spermatogenesis - Formation of spermatids - Spermiogenesis - Structure of mature Spermatozoan; Oogenesis - Previtellogenesis and Vitellogenesis - Estrous cycle in non-primate mammals and menstrual cycle in humans; Comparison between spermatogenesis and Oogenesis.

#### **1.3 Parthenogenesis**

Kinds of parthenogenesis - Natural – Arrhenotoky, Thelytoky - automixis and apomixes; Cyclical parthenogenesis in gall wasps and aphids; Larval parthenogenesis in liver flukes; Artificial parthenogenesis; Significance of parthenogenesis.

## 1.4. Modern trends in Reproduction

Manipulation of reproduction - Gene bank, Sperm bank, Superovulation, Cryopreservation; *In-vitro* fertilization (IVF) and embryo transfer (ET); Zygote intra fallopian transfer (ZIFT); Intra uterine transfer (IUT); Gamete intra fallopian transfer (GIFT); Intra cytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI); Intra-uterine insemination (IUI); Artificial insemination (AI); Surrogate mother; Animal cloning; Cloning of Dolly.

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#### **Unit - II: Developmental Biology**

#### 2.1 Introduction

Definition and scope; Theories of development - Preformation theory, Epigenetic theory, Baer's Law and Biogenetic law; Branches of embryology; Phases of ontogenetic development – Development and differentiation; Patterns of development - Oviparity, ovo-viviparity and viviparity with examples.

# 2.2 Type of Eggs and Sperms

Types of eggs based on amount and distribution of yolk with examples; Mosaic and regulative eggs; Cleidoic egg and its significance; Types of sperms with examples.

# 2.3 Fertilization

Kinds of fertilization - external, internal, self and cross fertilization with examples; Mechanism of fertilization - approximation of gametes – chemotaxis - fertilizin and antifertilizin – capacitation - acrosome reaction and sperm penetration - activation of ovum - cortical reaction and fertilization membrane formation – Amphimixis; Monospermic & polyspermic fertilization; Significance of fertilization.

3 Hrs

2 Hrs

3 Hrs

2 Hrs

3 Hrs

1 Hr

Unit - III: Developmental Biology (Contd)	
3.1 Organizer Phenomenon	3 Hrs
Definition - The amphibian organizer; The organizer's role in development; Po the dorsal lip of the blastopore of amphibian gastrula; Brachet's experiment; Exp Spemann and Mangold; Induction of Organizer; Chemical nature of organize organizer; Theories of organizer phenomenon.	eriment of
<b>3.2 Early Development of Frog</b> Cleavage - Blastula - Fate maps of Blastula - Gastrulation - Mesogenesis - Nand Neurulation.	4 Hrs otogenesis
3.3 Early Development of Chick	3 Hrs
Structure of hen's egg - cleavage - blastula - gastrulation - origin and st primitive streak - structure of 18, 24 and 48 hours chick embryos.	ructure of
Unit - IV: Developmental Biology (Contd)	
Unit - IV: Developmental Biology (Contd) 4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick	2 Hrs
<ul> <li>4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick Development, Structure and functions of Yolk-sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allant</li> </ul>	ois.
<ul> <li>4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick Development, Structure and functions of Yolk-sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allant</li> <li>4.2 Placenta</li> </ul>	ois. 3 Hrs
<ul> <li>4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick Development, Structure and functions of Yolk-sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allant</li> <li>4.2 Placenta Definition; Types of placenta- Yolk sac placenta (marsupials), Allantoic p Structure and functions; Morphological and histological classification of placenta</li> </ul>	ois. 3 Hrs placenta -
<ul> <li>4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick Development, Structure and functions of Yolk-sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allant</li> <li>4.2 Placenta Definition; Types of placenta- Yolk sac placenta (marsupials), Allantoic p Structure and functions; Morphological and histological classification of placenta examples.</li> </ul>	ois. 3 Hrs blacenta - centa with
<ul> <li>4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick Development, Structure and functions of Yolk-sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allant</li> <li>4.2 Placenta Definition; Types of placenta- Yolk sac placenta (marsupials), Allantoic p Structure and functions; Morphological and histological classification of placexamples.</li> <li>4.3 Early Development of Human Foetus Structure of Graafian follicle; Ovulation; Fertilization; Morula -blastocyst - in</li> </ul>	ois. 3 Hrs blacenta - centa with 3 Hrs
<ul> <li>4.1 Extraembryonic Membranes of Chick Development, Structure and functions of Yolk-sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allant</li> <li>4.2 Placenta Definition; Types of placenta- Yolk sac placenta (marsupials), Allantoic p Structure and functions; Morphological and histological classification of placexamples.</li> <li>4.3 Early Development of Human Foetus</li> </ul>	ois. 3 Hrs blacenta - centa with 3 Hrs

Definition; Types of cleavage - holoblastic and meroblastic; Patterns of cleavage - radial,

3 Hrs

#### **REFERENCES:**

2.4 Cleavage

- 1. Adamstone. 1953. Introduction to Vertebrate Embryology, Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Armugam, N. 2005. A Text Book of Embryology, Saras Publication, Nagercoil.
- 3. Balinsky, B.I. 2012. An Introduction to Embryology, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Carlson, B.M. 2003. Patten's Foundations of Embryology, McGraw Hill, Inc.
- 5. Gilbert & Barresi. 2016. Developmental Biology, Oxford University Press.
- 6. Huettner, A. F. 1957. Fundamentals of Comparative Embryology of Vertebrates, MacMillan.
- 7. Larsen. 2001. Human Embryology, Churchill Livingstone.
- 8. Majumdar, M.N. 1987. Text Book of Vertebrate Embryology, Tata McGraw-Hill PublishingCo. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 9. Muneesh, K. 2013. A Text Book of Chordate Embryology
- 10. Nair and Achar. 1985. A Text Book of Embryology, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 11. Nelsen. 1953. Comparative Embryology of the Vertebrates, Mc Graw Hill.
- 12. Shastry & Shukla. 2012. Developmental Biology, Rastogi Publications.

- Subramanian. 2013. Developmental Biology, MJP Publishers.
   Verma & Agarwal. 2000. Chordate Embryology, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 15. Wright, S.J. 2005. A Photographic Atlas of Developmental Biology, Morton PublishingCompany.

Program Name	B.S	c.	SEMESTER	VI
Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY, TOXICOLOGY AND WILDLIFE BIOLOGY (THEORY)			AND
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	3
Contact hours 40 Hrs (3 hours/week)		urs/week)	Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs
Formative assessment marks 20		20	Summative assessment marks	80

#### **Unit - I: Environmental Biology**

#### **1.1 Introduction**

Definition and subdivisions of ecology; Concept of habitat - Micro-habitat and Macrohabitat; Ecological Niche - Spatial, Trophic and Multidimensional.

# **1.2 Abiotic Factors**

Major abiotic factors - Light and Temperature; Adaptation to extreme environment - Effect of light and temperature on animals - Cyclomorphosis. Soil types and profile.

# **1.3 Biotic Factors**

Mutualism with examples; Proto co-operation and commensalism with examples; Parasitism - types with examples; Ammensalism and predation - examples and their importance; Competition - intraspecific and interspecific - Gause's principle.

#### **1.4 Habitats**

Marine habitat - zonation of the sea and ecological classification of marine biota; Coastal ecology; Estuarine ecology and mangroves; Freshwater habitat - lentic and lotic systems; Ecological classification of freshwater animals; Terrestrial habitats - A brief account of biomes.

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# Unit - II: Environmental Biology (Contd...)

# 2.1 Population Ecology

Population attributes - population density - natality and mortality; Age distribution, age pyramids; Population growth rate - population growth curves - logistic and exponential; Biotic Potential - Allee's principle.

## **2.2 Community Ecology**

Community structure; Ecological determinants; Ecotone and edge effect; Ecological stratification; Alpha, beta, and gamma diversity; Shannon Index and Simpson's Index; Significance of biodiversity indices.

### 2.3 Ecosystem

Types of ecosystems with examples; Natural ecosystems; Man engineered ecosystems; Microecosystem; Biosphere and ecotone; Ecosystem - Structural components; Functions of ecosystem – productivity - primary and secondary, decomposition, energy flow – I and II laws of thermodynamics; Food chains - types with examples; Food webs with examples; Ecological pyramids - Types with examples; Nutrient cycling - nitrogen, carbon and phosphorus.

2 Hrs

3 Hrs

3 Hrs

2 Hrs

2 Hrs

3 Hrs

# **Unit - III: Environmental Pollution and Toxicology**

# 3.1 Environmental Pollution with Reference to India

Air pollution - Major air pollutants (Carbon dioxide, oxides of sulphur and nitrogen); Control of gaseous pollutants - combustion - absorption - adsorption; Control of particulate pollutants - filters, electrostatic precipitators, cyclone separators, scrubbers and catalytic converters; Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act; Auto fuel policies in India -Bharath stage; A brief account of Acid rain, photochemical smog and ozone hole; Montreal protocol; Control of water pollution - Sewage/ effluent treatment - primary and secondary treatments: Water Act – River action plan: A brief account on BOD and Eutrophication: Solid waste management; Bioindicators and geoindicators - definition and examples; Environmental Protection Act 1986.

# **3.2 Global Impacts**

Climate change- Global warming- Sources, effect and control measures-Kyoto protocol. 4 Hrs

# **3.3 Toxicology**

Definition; Major subdivisions of toxicology and dose response curve; Toxicological parameters - acute and chronic toxicity; LD50, LC50; Factors influencing toxicity - route of administration, host factors-species, age, sex; Bioactivation and detoxification of xenobiotics - types of xenobiotics; Mechanism of biotransformation - phase I and II reactions; Pesticide toxicity - toxicity of organophosphate, organochloride, carbamate and pyrethroid pesticides citing two examples for each; Biomagnification - Biomagnification of DDT and Mercury; Antidotal therapy - Definition and types of antidotes with examples.

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# **Unit - IV: Wildlife Biology**

### 4.1. Zoogeography and Distribution of Wildlife

Zoogeographical realms of world with climatic conditions and examples of characteristicfauna; A brief account of Wallace's line; Continuous and discontinuous distributions with examples; Barriers of dispersal - topographic and vegetation barriers large bodies of water as barriers – climatic barriers.

# 4.2 Threats to Wildlife

Anthropogenic factors - Hunting, over harvesting, habitat destruction, degradation, habitat shrinkage, climate change; Human animal conflict.

### 4.3 Wildlife Conservation

Agencies engaged in wildlife conservation - Government organisations and non-government organizations (NGOs); Wildlife (protection) Act 1972; CITES (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wildlife Flora and Fauna); Endangered fauna of India; IUCN categories of endangered animals; Unique Indian animals; Endemic species with examples; Red Data Book; Ramsar convention; CBD; Biosphere reserves - Important National Parks and Wildlife sanctuaries of India (with special emphasis on Karnataka); Special Projects -Project Tiger; Project Elephant; ProjectRhino; Biodiversity Protection Act.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Agarwal, K.C. 2008. Environmental Biology, II edition, Nidhi Publishers.
- 2. Arora, M.P. 2001. Ecology, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Darlington, P.J. 1996. Zoogeography- The Geographic distribution of animals, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 4. Ehrlich, P.R. & Rough, G. S. 1987. The Science of Ecology, Macmillan Publishing Company, New York.

1 Hrs

6 Hrs

3 Hrs

2 Hrs

- 5. Fan, A., Mand Chang, L.W. (Ed). 1996. Toxicology and Risk Assessment: Principles and Methods and Applications. Marcell Dekker Publishers, New York.
- 6. Habermehl, G.G. 1981. Venomous Animals and Their Toxins, Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
- 7. Hosetti & Venkateshwarulu. 2018. Trends in Wildlife Biodiversity Conservation, DayaPublishing House, New Delhi.
- 8. Jonathan, G. & David, C. P. 1992. The Wildlife of India, The Guide Book Company Limited, Hong Kong.
- 9. Nair, S.M. 1992. Endangered Animals of India, National Book Trust, India.
- 10. Odum, E.P. 2004. Fundamentals of Ecology, Cengage Learning.
- 11. Prater, S.H.1971. The Book of Indian Animals, BNHS, Oxford University Press.
- 12. Saharia, V.B. 1982. Wildlife in India, Natraj publications, Dehradun.
- 13. Sharma, P. D. 1999. Toxicology. Rastogi Publishers, Meerut.
- 14. Sinha, K. (Ed.). 1996. Biodiversity-Global Concerns, Commonwealth Publishers, New Delhi.
- 15. Verma and Agarwal. 2000. Principles of Ecology, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.

Program Name	B.	Sc.	SEMESTER	VI	
Course Title	ENVIRON	REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY, DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY, TOXICOLOGY AND WILDLIFE BIOLOGY (PRACTICAL)			
Course Code:			No. of Credits	3	
Contact hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	4 Hrs	
Formative assessment marks		20	Summative assessment marks	80	

# 1. Study of different types of eggs and sperms:

Type of eggs: Insect, amphioxus, frog, chick and human (any 4) Type of sperms: Frog, domestic fowl, rat, mouse and human (any 4)

2. Stages of development of frog: Study of cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula and neurula (sections) and various stages of tadpole.

- 3. Study of permanent slides of chick embryo: 18 hrs, 24 hrs, 36 hrs and 48 hrs (WM); T.S. of 18 hrs and 24 hrs chick embryo.
- 4. Study of permanent slides/charts of histological types of placenta (All five)
- 5. Study of charts or models of morphological types of placenta: Diffuse, cotyledonary, intermediate, zonary and discoidal placenta.
- 6. Whole mount preparation (Permanent)
  - a. Mosquito larvae.
  - b. Zoea, Nauplius, Mysis.
- 7. Study of aquarium as an ecosystem: Study of fauna and flora and interaction between the various constituents.
- 8. Water quality parameters assessment:
  - Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)
  - Estimation of Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
  - Estimation of hardness and salinity of water.
- 9. Study of ecological adaptations and morphological peculiarities: Hermit crab, Stick insect, Glow worm, Stink bug, Puffer fish, Angler fish, Exocoetus, Phrynosoma, Draco, Chaemeleon and Bat.
- 10. Study of biotic relationship: Leguminous plants, Termites, Liver fluke, Tape worm, Sucker fish, Insectivores plant.
- 11. Identification of wild animals: Pugmarks (tigers) and hoof marks (gaur); Scates (elephants) and pellet counts (deer); Antlers (sambhar).
- 12. Study of threatened animals of India (by models/pictures/charts): Sarus crane, Common leopard, Great Indian bustard, Himalayan quail, House sparrow, Nilgiri tahr, Gharial, Asiatic lion, Ganges river dolphin, Black-necked crane, Smooth-coated otter, Golden mahseer, Indian pangolin, Brow-antlered deer- Any five.

# SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc. ZOOLOGY: VI SEMESTER Course Title: REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY, DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY, ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY, TOXICOLOGY AND WILDLIFE BIOLOGY

#### **Code: BSCZOP**

Duration: 4 hours	Max. Marks: 80
I. Identify, draw labeled diagram and comment on permanent slides of dev	elopmental stages
A and B. (1 from frog + 1 from chick) (Identification -1 Mark, Labeled diagram -2 Marks, Comments - 1 x 3 = 3 Marks)	2 x 6 =12
<ul> <li>II. a. Identify, draw labeled diagram and comment on C</li> <li>(C- Egg or sperm)</li> </ul>	04
(Identification - 1 Mark, Labeled diagram -1 Mark, Comments - 2 Marks) b. Submission of one permanent slide (Whole mount)	02
III. Identify, draw labelled diagram and comment on the given placental	
charts/slides/models/specimens D and E. (D-histological placenta & E-morphological placenta) (Identification -1 Mark, Exan diagram -1 Mark, Comments – 3 Marks)	2 x 6 12 nple -1 Mark, Labeled
IV. Estimation of dissolved O <sub>2</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub> /Salinity/Hardness of water. (Principle-1 Mark, Procedure-4 Marks, Readings & calculation-2 Marks, Results-1 M	08 Iark)
V. Comment on aquarium ecosystem. (Diagram-2 Marks, Comments-4 Marks)	06
VI. Identify and comment on the ecological adaptations and morphologi of F & G.	cal peculiarities
(Identification- 1 Mark, Diagram-1 Mark, Comments-2 Marks)	2x4=08
VII. Comment on the biotic relationships of H. (Identification- 1 Mark, Diagram-1 Mark, Comments-2 Marks)	04
VIII. Identify and comment on I. (Question from Expt11/12) (Identification- 1 Mark, Comments-3 Marks))	04
IX. Class Record (15) + Viva (5)	20 Total = 80

# Note:

1. Questions must be framed as per the scheme provided.

2. Internal assessment marks to be allotted after conducting one practical test at the end of the semester.

Program Name	B.Se	с.	SEMESTER	IV/V/VI	
Compulsory Course					
Course Code:	BSCZOC		No. of Credits	2	
Contact hours	3-4 Hrs/weel	K	Duration of SEA/Exam	3 Hrs	
Formative assess	nent marks	10	Summative assessment marks	40	

# Proposed topics for project work/field training:

#### roposed topics for project work/field training:

- 1. Study of animal diversity in various habitats -Gardens/croplands/grasslands/forests/ponds/rivers/streams/sea shores.
- 2. Bird watching and preparation of checklist of birds from different habitats.
- 3. Identification and study of local edible fishes.
- 4. Listing and identifying local butterflies and preparation of checklist of butterflies.
- 5. Listing and identifying common spiders and ants.
- 6. Listing and identifying terrestrial and freshwater molluses.
- 7. Identification of molluscan shells from nearby coasts.
- 8. Diversity of ornamental fishes.
- 9. Diversity of insects.
- 10. Insect pests of vegetables, fruit crops, horticultural plants, paddy etc.
- 11. Store pests.
- 12. Study of biodiversity in sacred groves.
- 13. Study of community: By quadrat method to determine frequency, density and abundance of different species present in the community.
- 14. Diversity of mosquito species.
- 15. Diversity of wild varieties of Drosophila.
- 16. Listing and studying the use of fertilizers and pesticides in agricultural fields.
- 17. Identification and behavioural study of wasps.
- 18. Identification and study of local edible shell fishes.
- 19. Study of simple Mendelian traits in human populations.
- 20. Studying organic farming.
- 21. Study of soil fauna.
- 22. Evaluation of larvicidal / adulticidal properties of chemicals or plant extracts on mosquito or other pests.

Note: In addition to the above mentioned exercises any faunal diversity of local interest and their characteristic features/Environmental pollution problems/Toxicological problems/Human population studies/Ecosystem studies/Utilization of energy resources/Wildlife depletion and conservation topics may be chosen for project work.

Note: During field studies care should be taken not to disturb/remove the specimens/nests etc.

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### **Guidelines for project work**

- 1. Project allotment should be done at the beginning of semester and topic should be finalized in consultation with the guide by the student.
- 2. Each project work will be carried out as individual (preferably) or in a batch of 2/3/4 students. There shall not be more than 4 students in each group.
- 3. Dissertation work has to be submitted in the format prescribed.

- 4. Title page, Page I Certificate, Page II Declaration, Page III Acknowledgements, Page IV contents followed by the body of the dissertation.
- 5. Contents should include the following subheadings:
  - 1. Introduction with Review of Literature
  - 2. Materials and Methods
  - 3. Result and Discussion.
  - 4. Summary
  - 5. References
  - 6. Plates containing original photographs (Minimum 6 photos/page)
  - 7. Annexure (not compulsory)
- 6. Dissertation should contain a minimum of 20 pages excluding photographs (A4 sheets with 1 inch margin on all sides, Times New Roman font, font size -12 and line spacing 1.5).
- 7. A student who is going to other institutions/industry/laboratory/fields for any assistance has to take permission letter by the HOD/Principal of the college.
- 8. Dissertation has to be submitted individually even if the work is done in group, i.e. one student has to submit his/her dissertation exclusively. No joint author submission. The dissertation to be certified by project guide and HOD. Certified dissertation shall be submitted during practical examination which shall be evaluated by both internal and external examiners.

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION B.Sc. ZOOLOGY: VI SEMESTER COMPULSORY PAPER - SKILL ENHANCEMENT (PROJECT WORK/FIELD TRAINING)

#### **Code: BSCZOC**

Durat	ion: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 40	
	Field work and preparation of dissertation (To be evaluated by project guide* + internal examiner** + external examiner** average shall be taken). * Project guide shall asses the candidate based on his/her involvement in the fiel of dissertation. Marks allotment for the same shall be handed over to HOD in a be transmitted to examiners. ** Distribution of marks: Introduction with review of literature - 3 Marks, Ma Marks, Result and discussion - 8 Marks, Summary – 1 Mark, References – 1 I original photographs - 4 Marks)	d work and preparation sealed cover which will terials and methods - 3	
	Presentation by the candidate* (PPT slides preferably or charts) (Preparation of PPT slides or charts – 4 Marks, presentation – 6 Marks) *Presentation to be done individually even if the project is carried out in team.	10 Marks	
III.	Viva-voce (Based on the contents of dissertations)	10 Marks Total = 40 Marks	

Note: Internal assessment marks to be allotted based on the preparation and presentation of the dissertation topic.

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION: B.Sc. - I to VI SEMESTERS (THEORY)

Question No.	PART - A	Marks
I	I Answer any TEN Questions out of TWELVE Questions (Give 3 questions from each unit)	
	PART - B	
	Unit - I	
II	4 Marks Questions (Answer any TWO out of THREE)	4 x 2 = 8
III	7 Marks Questions (Answer any ONE out of TWO)	7 x 1 = 7
	Unit - II	
IV	4 Marks Questions (Answer any TWO out of THREE)	4 x 2 = 8
V	7 Marks Questions (Answer any ONE out of TWO)	7 x 1 = 7
	Unit - III	
VI	4 Marks Questions (Answer any TWO out of THREE)	4 x 2 = 8
VII	7 Marks Questions (Answer any ONE out of TWO)	7 x 1 = 7
	Unit - IV	
VIII	4 Marks Questions (Answer any TWO out of THREE)	4 x 2 = 8
IX	7 Marks Questions (Answer any ONE out of TWO)	7 x 1 = 7

# **CORE SUBJECT: ZOOLOGY**

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#### **GROUP II: OPEN ELECTIVE (SUPPORTIVE TO THE DISCIPLINE OF STUDY)**

# BSCZOCE : PARASITOLOGY AND VECTOR BIOLOGY (To be studied in the III Semester B.Sc.) (Hours of instruction: 2 hours per week. Total: 24 Hours) Syllabus

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#### **Unit - I: Parasitology**

Brief account of the disease caused, mode of infection, transmission, pathogenecity and control measures of following parasites:

1.	Protozoan: Giardia and Trichomonas.	3 Hrs
2.	Helminthes: Taenia and Anycylostoma.	3 Hrs
3.	Bacterial: Typhoid and Cholera.	3 Hrs
4.	Viral: Hepatitis and H1N1.	3 Hrs

#### **Unit - II: Vector Biology and Integrated Vector Management**

- 1. Vectors: Introduction, types of vectors with examples; Tools for vector control, Sources -biological, chemical, adulticides and larvicides. 4 Hrs
- 2. Causative organism, transmission and control measures of following vector borne diseases: Filariasis, Japanese Encephalitis, Dengue and Chikungunia. 4 Hrs
- Arthropods vectors: Diseases transmitted and control Mosquitoes with reference to Mosquitoes (*Anopheles, Culex, Aedes* and *Mansonia*), Sand fly, Fleas, Stable or Dog Fly, Tsetse Fly, Bed Bugs, Cockroach, House Fly, Human Louse, Bed Bug, Ticks and Mites. 2 Hrs
- 4. Avian and mammalian vectors: diseases transmitted and control measures with reference to Domestic Fowl, Rat, Bat, Dog, Cattle, Monkey. 2 Hrs

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#### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Apurba, S. S and Sandhya, B. 2014. Essentials of Medical Parasitology, Jaypee BrothersMedical Publishers.
- 2. Arora, D.R. and Arora, B. 2001. Medical Parasitology, CBS Publications.
- 3. Chandler, A.C. & Read, C.P. 1961. Introduction to Parasitology, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- Chatterjee, K.D. 2009. Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology, CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 5. David, D.V. and Kumara Swami. 1988. Elements of Economic Entomology, Popular Book Depot, Madras.
- 6. Mathews, G. 2011. Integrated Vector Management: Controlling Vectors of Malaria and Other Insect Vector Borne Diseases, Wiley-Blackwell.
- 7. Pedigo, L.P. 2002. Entomology and Pest Management, Prentice Hall Publication.
- 8. Smyth, J.D. 1994. Introduction to Animal Parasitology, Cambridge University Press.
- 9. William, H. M., Richard, S. D., Robert, B. G. 1999. Parasitology & VectorBiology, Academic Press.

# GROUP II: OPEN ELECTIVE (NURTURING STUDENT'S PROFICIENCY/SKILL) BSCZOCE : AQUARIUM FISH KEEPING (To be studied in the IV Semester B.Sc.) (Hours of instruction: 2 hours per week. Total: 24 hours) Syllabus

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6 Hrs

#### Unit - I: Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping

#### 1. Biology of Aquarium Fishes

Importance and scope of aquarium fish keeping; Exotic and endemic species of aquarium fishes; Common characters and sexual dimorphism in aquarium fishes: Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, Angel fish, Koi, Gourami, Zebra fish, Fighter fish.

 Aquarium Setup 6 Hrs Construction and preparation – size, shape, substrate, ornamental aquatic plants, biofilters, aerators; Accessories for fish tank - hood and light, nets, suction tube, feeding cupsand breeding traps; Water quality management - pH, hardness, salinity, oxygen, carbon dioxide, chlorine, ammonia and temperature.

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#### **Unit - II: Aquarium Management**

- 1. Food, Feeding and Reproduction
   6 Hrs

   Nutritional requirement of fishes, fish feed, composition of fish feed; Feeding methods 6 live feed, artificial feed; Reproductive Biology of Gold fish, Fish seed collection.
- Transportation and Disease Management 6 Hrs Live fish transport - fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques; Aquarium fish diseases - Bacterial, Viral, Fungal and Protozoan infections, treatment and control.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Ahilan, B., Felix, N., Santhnam R. 2008. Textbook of Aquariculture, Daya Publishing House.
- 2. <u>Alappat, H. J. & Biju, K. 2011</u>. Aquarium Fishes: A Colourful Profile, B.R. Publishing Corporation.
- 3. Amita, S. 2003. Aquarium Management, Daya Publishing House.
- 4. Biju, K. & Alappat, M. 1995. A Complete Guide to Aquarium Keeping, Low Price Publications.
- 5. David, A. 2011. Encyclopedia of Aquarium & Pond Fish, Penguin, UK.
- 6. Rolf, G. 1963. Aquarium Fish Diseases, TFH Publications.
- 7. Tharadevi, C.S., Jayashree, K.V., Arumugam, N. 2015. Home Aquarium and Ornamental Fish Culture, Saras Publication.
- 8. Ulrich, S. 2005. Tropical Freshwater Aquarium Fish from A to Z, Barron's Educational Series Inc., U.S.
- 9. Uma., Felix & Gopalakannan. 2018. Fish Diseases & Management, Tamil Nadu Dr. Jayalalitha University.

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

# **OPEN ELECTIVE PAPERS (BSCZOCE** and BSCZOCE )

Question No.	PART - A	Marks
I	I Answer any FIVE Questions out of SIX Questions (Give 3 questions from each unit)	
	PART - B	
	Unit - I	
II	4 Marks Questions (Answer any TWO out of THREE)	$4 \ge 2 = 8$
III	7 Marks Questions (Answer any ONE out of TWO)	7 x 1 = 7
	Unit - II	
IV	IV 4 Marks Questions (Answer any TWO out of THREE)	
V	7 Marks Questions (Answer any ONE out of TWO)	7 x 1 = 7

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